

Marijuana Waste Regulations by State

Courtesy of:



This list is collected information from state legislature web sites. At the time of completion, the below information was found to be the most current according to the individual regulating bodies.

State	Waste Regulations	State Document Reference
Alabama	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Alaska	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Arizona	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Arkansas	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
California	Render unrecognizable or approved Cannabis haulers	CLICK HERE
Colorado	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Connecticut	Render unrecognizable in the presence of an authorized representative	CLICK HERE
Delaware	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
District of Columbia	Render unusable and unrecognizable	
Florida	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Georgia	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Hawaii	Rendered Unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Idaho	Not Available	
Illinois	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Indiana	Not Available	
Iowa	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Kansas	Not Available	
Kentucky	Not Available	
Louisiana	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Maine	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Maryland	Destroy all green waste	CLICK HERE
Massachusetts	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Michigan	Render unrecognizable (Shred) and mix with compostable materials	CLICK HERE
Minnesota	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Mississippi	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Missouri	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Montana	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Nebraska	Not Available	
Nevada	Grind and incorporate with other ground materials	CLICK HERE
New Hampshire	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
New Jersey	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE

New Mexico	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
New York	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
North Carolina	TBD	
North Dakota	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Ohio	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Oklahoma	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Oregon	Render unrecognizable or approved Cannabis haulers	CLICK HERE
Pennsylvania	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Rhode Island	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
South Carolina	Not Available	
South Dakota	Dispose at designated regional disposal site.	CLICK HERE
Tennessee	Not Available	
Texas	Rendered irretrievable	CLICK HERE
Utah	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Vermont	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Virginia	Render unrecognizable and mix 50/50	CLICK HERE
Washington	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
West Virginia	Render unusable and unrecognizable	CLICK HERE
Wisconsin	Not Available	
Wyoming	Not Available	

Alabama

Source: Alabama Medical Cannabis Commission Rules and Regulations Chapter 4 LICENSEE REQUIREMENTS – GENERALLY.

(10)A Cannabis/Medical Cannabis Waste and Disposal Plan. Licensees must maintain at all times and review at least annually, a plan for tracking and proper disposal of waste cannabis or medical cannabis, including all parts thereof, as applicable. Such plan must, at a minimum, leave no part of the disposed or waste cannabis or medical cannabis either useable or recognizable as such.

Alaska

Source: 3 AAC 306 REGULATIONS FOR THE MARIJUANA CONTROL BOARD

Marijuana plant waste must be made unusable by grinding the marijuana plant waste and mixing it with at least an equal amount of other compostable or non-compostable materials. A marijuana establishment may use another method to make marijuana waste unusable if the board approves the method in advance. Material that may be mixed with the marijuana waste includes:

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Arizona

Source: Medical Marijuana Testing Advisory Council Findings and Recommendations

Medical Marijuana Testing Advisory Council - Findings & Recommendations - December 2019 16 7.0 Disposal Council members discussed current methods of disposal within laboratories and considered information from other states on disposal requirements.

Key recommendations of the Council related to disposal are that laboratories must maintain policies and procedures to render waste unusable and unrecognizable.

Arkansas

Source: Rules and Regulations Governing the Oversight of Medical Marijuana Cultivation Facilities and Dispensaries by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission

SECTION 18. DISPOSAL OF MEDICAL MARIJUANA

RR 18.1. Disposal of Marijuana by Cultivation Facilities and Dispensaries. All medical marijuana waste shall be disposed of in accordance with this rule.

f. Medical marijuana shall be rendered unusable by grinding and incorporating the cannabis plant waste with other ground materials so the resulting mixture is at least 50% non-cannabis waste by volume.

California

Source: BUREAU OF CANNABIS CONTROL REGULATIONS

§ 5000. Definitions

“Cannabis waste” means waste that is not hazardous waste, as defined in Public Resources Code section 40141, that contains cannabis and that has been made unusable and unrecognizable in the manner prescribed in sections 5054 and 5055 of this division.

Colorado

Source: DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

Marijuana Enforcement Division

COLORADO MARIJUANA RULES

1 Colo. Code Regs. § 212-3-3-230

D.Regulated Marijuana Waste Must Be Made Unusable and Unrecognizable. Unless expressly exempt by these rules, all Regulated Marijuana waste must be made unusable and Unrecognizable prior to leaving the Licensed Premises.

Connecticut

Source: STATE OF CONNECTICUT REGULATION of the DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER PROTECTION concerning PALLIATIVE USE OF MARIJUANA

Sec. 21a-408-11. Proper disposal of marijuana by patients or caregivers.

A patient or caregiver shall dispose of all usable marijuana in the patient's or caregiver's possession no later than ten calendar days after the expiration of the patient's registration certificate, if such certificate is not renewed, or sooner should the patient no longer wish to possess marijuana for palliative use. A patient or caregiver shall complete such disposal by one of the following methods:

- (1) By rendering the marijuana non-recoverable in accordance with the department's proper disposal instructions, which are available on the department's Internet web site at www.ct.gov/dcp/drugdisposal;
- (2) By depositing it in a Connecticut police department medication drop-box; or
- (3) By disposing of the marijuana at a government-recognized drug take-back program located in Connecticut.

Delaware

Source: 4400 Health Systems Protection

4470 State of Delaware Medical Marijuana Code

7.1.5.4 Medical marijuana waste shall be rendered unusable through grinding and incorporating the medical marijuana waste with non-consumable, solid wastes listed below such that the resulting mixture is at least 50% non-marijuana waste

Florida

Source: MMTc Marijuana Waste Management and Disposal

64ER20-16 MMTc Marijuana Waste Management and Disposal

- (a) Marijuana Waste that is composted must be rendered unusable and unrecognizable by grinding and mixing the compostable Marijuana Waste with at least an equal amount of other compostable materials (e.g., food waste, yard waste, vegetable-based grease or oils).
- (b) Marijuana Waste that is not composted must be rendered unusable and unrecognizable by grinding the Marijuana Waste with at least an equal amount of other compostable materials (e.g., food waste, yard waste, vegetable-based grease or oils) or non-compostable materials (e.g., paper waste, cardboard waste, plastic waste, or oil), or both.
- (3) Marijuana Waste that cannot be rendered unusable and unrecognizable, as required by subsection (2), must be rendered irretrievable by permanently altering its physical or chemical condition through irreversible means such that it cannot be transformed to a physical or chemical condition or state as marijuana or a substance with a chemical structure or effect that is similar to marijuana.

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Georgia

Source: NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING AND NOTICE OF INTENT TO ADOPT RULES OF THE GEORGIA ACCESS TO MEDICAL CANNABIS COMMISSION, RULE CHAPTER 351-4 ENTITLED “CLASS 1 AND CLASS 2 PRODUCTION LICENSEES”

RULES 351-4-.01 THROUGH 351-4-.12

(9) Regulated cannabis waste shall be disposed by:

- (a) Rendering all regulated cannabis waste unusable and unrecognizable or irretrievable prior to the waste leaving the premises; or
- (b) Transferring the regulated cannabis waste securely to a processor for recycling, reuse, or composting.

Hawaii

Source: DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Amendment and Compilation of Chapter 11-850 (Interim Rules Hawaii Administrative Rules

February 1, 2022§11-850-43

Disposal or destruction. (a) A dispensary licensee or laboratory certified by the department to analyze cannabis and manufactured cannabis products shall dispose of or destroy unused, unsold, contaminated, or expired cannabis or manufactured cannabis products, or waste products resulting from the cultivating or manufacturing process, including any inventory existing at the time of revocation or surrender of a license, in a way that assures that the cannabis or manufactured cannabis product does not become available to unauthorized persons and is documented as subtracted from inventory.

Illinois

Source: TITLE 8: AGRICULTURE AND ANIMALS CHAPTER I: ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SUBCHAPTER v: LICENSING AND REGULATIONS PART 1000 COMPASSIONATE USE OF MEDICAL CANNABIS PILOT PROGRAM SECTION 1000.460 WASTE DISPOSAL

The allowable method to render cannabis plant waste unusable is by grinding and incorporating the cannabis plant waste with other ground materials so the resulting mixture is at least 50% non-cannabis waste by volume. Other methods to render cannabis waste unusable must be approved by the Department before implementation. Material used to grind with the cannabis falls into two categories: compostable waste and non-compostable waste.

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Iowa

Source: CHAPTER 154

MEDICAL CANNABIDIOL PROGRAM

154.23(2)

Medical cannabidiol and plant material waste. A manufacturer shall store, secure, and manage medical cannabidiol waste and plant material waste in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

- a. The manufacturer shall dispose of medical cannabidiol waste at a waste facility according to federal and state law and in a manner which renders it unusable.
- b. The manufacturer shall dispose of plant material waste at an approved solid waste disposal facility, according to federal and state law.
- c. Before transport of plant material waste, the manufacturer shall render the plant material waste unusable and unrecognizable.

Louisiana

Source: NOTICE OF INTENT Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry Part XLIX. Chapters 1 – 31. Medical Marijuana (LAC 7:XLIX.Chapters 1-31)

E. The allowable method to render waste unusable is by grinding and incorporating the waste with other ground materials so the resulting mixture is at least 50% non-medical marijuana waste by volume. Other methods to render waste unusable must be approved by the department before implementation. Material used to grind with the waste may include:

food waste;

2. yard waste;

3. vegetable-based grease or oils;

4. paper waste;

5. cardboard waste;

6. plastic waste;

7. soil; or

8. other wastes approved by the department (e.g., non-recyclable plastic, broken glass, leather, agricultural material, biodegradable products, paper, clean wood, fruits, vegetables, and plant matter).

F. Waste shall be rendered unusable prior to leaving a production facility. Waste rendered unusable following the methods described in this Section shall be disposed of by delivery to an approved solid waste facility for final disposition. Examples of acceptable permitted solid waste facilities include:

1. compost, anaerobic digester;

2. landfill, incinerator, or other facility with approval of the jurisdictional health department; or

3. a waste-to-energy facility

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Maine

Source: MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION GUIDANCE FOR MANAGING MARIJUANA WASTE IN MAINE

- d. Under OMP’s rule, any product containing more than 0.3% Tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) needs to be transported by an authorized entity (i.e., licensed individuals, Drug Enforcement Agency staff, or other law enforcement personnel) or be rendered unusable” prior to leaving a marijuana facility
- e. (Maine Office of Marijuana Policy, 2019). To meet the standard for being considered unusable, marijuana materials need to be ground and mixed at a 50:50 ratio with an authorized waste material, which includes animal manures, food waste, and yard waste.

Maryland

Source: 10.62.01 Definitions Authority: Health General Article, §§13-3301—13-3303, Annotated Code of Maryland

(1) “Green waste” means unused, surplus, returned, or out of date medical marijuana, recalled medical marijuana, and any plant debris, including dead plants, all unused plant parts, and roots.

J. Green Waste. A licensee shall weigh, document, and destroy all green waste in accordance with the standard operating procedure.

Massechusetts

Source: 935 CMR: CANNABIS CONTROL COMMISSION

935 CMR 500.000: ADULT USE OF MARIJUANA

Usable Marijuana means the fresh or dried leaves and flowers of the female marijuana plant and any mixture or preparation thereof, including cannabis or marijuana products, but does not include the seedlings, seeds, stalks, roots of the plant, or marijuana rendered unusable in accordance with 935 CMR 500.105(12)(c).

Michigan

Source: Rule 36. Marihuana product destruction and waste management.

(1) Marihuana product that is to be destroyed or is considered waste must be rendered into an unusable and unrecognizable form and recorded in the statewide monitoring system.

Minnesota

Source: Minnesota Administrative Rules

4770.1200 DISPOSAL OF MEDICAL CANNABIS AND PLANT MATERIAL.

C. Before transport, the manufacturer must render plant material waste unusable and unrecognizable by grinding and incorporating the waste with a greater quantity of nonconsumable, solid wastes including:

- (1) paper waste;
- (2) cardboard waste;
- (3) food waste;
- (4) yard waste;
- (5) vegetative wastes generated from industrial or manufacturing processes that prepare food for human consumption;
- (6) soil; or
- (7) other waste approved by the commissioner.

Missouri

Source: Rules of Department of Health and Senior Services Division 30—Division of Regulation and Licensure

Chapter 95—Medical Marijuana

4. Medical marijuana waste that does not qualify as hazardous waste per 40 CFR 262.11 must be rendered unusable prior to leaving a facility, including plant waste, such as roots, stalks, leaves, and stems; 5. Medical marijuana plant waste that does not qualify as hazardous may be rendered unusable by grinding and incorporating the medical marijuana plant waste with other nonhazardous ground materials so the resulting mixture is at least fifty percent (50%) nonmarijuana waste by volume. Material used to grind with the medical marijuana may be either compostable waste or noncompostable waste. Other methods to render medical marijuana waste unusable must be approved by the department before implementation.

Mississippi

Source: Title 15: Mississippi State Department of Health Part 22: Medical Cannabis Program, Subpart 8: Cannabis Disposal Entities Chapter 1 REGULATIONS FOR THE COMMERCIAL DISPOSAL OR DESTRUCTION OF CANNABIS AND/OR CANNABIS PRODUCTS

Rule 8.9.5 Cannabis waste shall be disposed through either a process which renders the waste unusable and unrecognizable through physical destruction or a recycling process that the waste disposal facility is authorized to conduct pursuant to Mississippi law.

Montana

Source: State of Montana

Department of Environmental Quality Montana Cannabis Waste Guidance

Marijuana plant waste that must be rendered unusable before disposal includes:

- o Marijuana plant waste, including roots, stalks, leaves, and stems that have not been processed with solvent;
- o Waste solvents used in the manufacturing process;
- o Spent solvents, laboratory waste, and excess marijuana from any quality assurance testing; and
- o Marijuana items that ultimately fail to meet testing requirements (ARM 42.39.307).

The method allowed to render a marijuana item unusable is by grinding (for solids) and incorporating or absorbing (for liquids) the marijuana item with other ground materials, so the resulting mixture is undesirable, unrecognizable, unfit for human use, and incapable of growth or germination. For whole marijuana plants, the resulting mixture must be at least 50 percent non-marijuana waste by volume.

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Nevada

Source: REGULATIONS OF THE NEVADA CANNABIS COMPLIANCE BOARD

3. Unless another method approved by the Board is used, waste containing cannabis must be rendered unusable by grinding and incorporating the waste with:

(a) For disposal using an organic method other than composting, the following kinds of compostable mixed waste:

(1) Food waste;

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(2) Yard waste;

(3) Soil; or

(4) Other waste as approved by the Board

The amount of waste containing cannabis in the resulting mixture must be less than 50 percent by volume. Such waste must not be disposed of by composting.

New Hampshire

Source: N.H. Code Admin. R. He-C 402.22

(e) Cannabis waste shall be rendered unusable, and in the case of previously or potentially usable cannabis, unrecognizable, and disposed of as follows:

(1) Previously and potentially usable cannabis that is determined to be cannabis waste shall be ground so that it is unrecognizable;

(2) Cannabis waste shall be incorporated with non-consumable wastes listed below such that the resulting mixture is at least 50 percent non-cannabis waste:

New Jersey

Source: TREASURY-GENERAL

NEW JERSEY CANNABIS REGULATORY COMMISSION

Personal Use Cannabis Rules

Special Adopted New Rules: N.J.A.C. 17:30

17:30-9.14 Destruction of cannabis

(a) When a license holder disposes of or destroys cannabis, the license holder shall destroy it or render it unusable and shall create and maintain a written record of the disposal of the cannabis by the cannabis business and weigh the cannabis and update it in the inventory prior to disposal or destruction.

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New Mexico

Source: TITLE 16 OCCUPATIONAL AND PROFESSIONAL LICENSING CHAPTER 8 COMMERCIAL AND MEDICAL CANNABIS PART 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

16.8.2.22 WASTAGE OF CANNABIS OR CANNABIS PRODUCTS; PERMITTED METHODS: Licensees that waste cannabis or cannabis products shall do so by rendering the cannabis or cannabis product unusable and unrecognizable prior to removal from licensed premises. The wastage of cannabis or cannabis products shall be documented, tracked by batch, and recorded in an electronic track and trace system specified by the division.

Wastage of cannabis or cannabis products shall occur only within the licensee's ordinary business hours. Licensees shall dispose of wasted cannabis or cannabis products and shall not attempt to incorporate wasted cannabis or cannabis plants into any product intended for human consumption.

A. Permitted methods of wastage: Wastage of cannabis or cannabis plants shall be accomplished by grinding and incorporating the cannabis into other ground material, such as soil, compost material, or leaf and yard waste, so that the resulting mixture is at least fifty percent non-cannabis material by volume;

New York

Source: Title: Section 1004.24 - Registered organizations; disposal of medical marihuana

(a) The disposal of medical marihuana shall mean that the medical marihuana has been rendered unrecoverable and beyond reclamation.

North Dakota

Source: General Authority: NDCC 19-24.1-10

Law Implemented: NDCC 19-24.1-10

33-44-01-15. Medical marijuana waste disposal.

4. The required method for rendering medical marijuana waste unusable is by grinding the medical marijuana waste and incorporating it with other ground materials so the volume of the resulting mixture is less than fifty percent medical marijuana waste. All other methods for rendering medical marijuana waste unusable must be approved by the department before implementation.

Ohio

Rule 3796:6-3-14 | Destruction and disposal of medical marijuana.

(C) Unless otherwise required by local, state, or federal waste management authorities, the allowable method for rendering marijuana waste unusable is by grinding and incorporating the marijuana waste with other ground material so the resulting mixture is at least fifty percent non-marijuana waste. Other methods to render marijuana waste unusable must be approved by the state board of pharmacy before implementation. Material used to grind with the marijuana falls into two categories, compostable waste and non-compostable waste.

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Oklahoma

Source: SENATE BILL NO. 882

"Dispose" or "Disposal" means the final disposition of medical marijuana waste by either a process which renders the waste unusable through physical destruction or a recycling process.

OAC 310:681-5-10. Medical marijuana waste disposal•

Subsection (b)(1)-(3): Creates a new provision that would require commercial licensees to create and maintain (for five years) a disposal log that must be signed and attested to under penalty of perjury. Under current law, commercial licensees may dispose of root balls, stems, fan leaves, seeds, and stalks on their own but must send all other medical marijuana waste to a waste disposal facility. Documentation will help OMMA Compliance monitor disposal and dissuade diversion of plant material.

Oregon

Source: www.oregon.gov
DEQ

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How to make items unfit for consumption

The following guidelines provide processors guidance on how to render items unfit for consumption and provide information on how to dispose of them. OLCC also provides guidance on how to keep such material secure.

-Plants and usable marijuana

The material should be composted or disposed of in a landfill if composting isn't available. To render it unfit for consumption, use one of the following methods:

-For composting - Mix with yard debris, wood chips, sawdust or manure

-For landfill disposal - Mix with soil, sand or other garbage

-Burn if permitted by law

Pennsylvania

Source: 1151.40. Management and disposal of medical marijuana waste

(a) Medical marijuana waste generated by a grower/processor or an approved laboratory shall be stored, collected and transported in accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 285 (relating to storage, collection and transportation of municipal waste), provided the medical marijuana waste is not hazardous.

(b) The following types of medical marijuana waste shall be rendered unusable and unrecognizable prior to being transported from a grower/processor or an approved laboratory:

Unused, surplus, returned, recalled, contaminated or expired medical marijuana.

Any medical marijuana plant material that is not used in the growing, harvesting or processing of medical marijuana, including flowers, stems, trim, leaves, seeds, dead medical marijuana plants, dead immature medical marijuana plants, unused medical marijuana plant parts, unused immature medical marijuana plant parts or roots.

(c) Medical marijuana waste is unusable and unrecognizable if all components of the waste are indistinguishable and incapable of being ingested, inhaled, injected, swallowed or otherwise used for certified medical use. Acceptable methods of rendering the waste unusable and unrecognizable include thermal treatment or melting; shredding, grinding or tearing; and incorporating the medical marijuana waste with other municipal waste.

(d) Unusable and unrecognizable medical marijuana waste identified in subsection (b) and other solid or semi-solid medical marijuana waste that is not hazardous shall be disposed of at a permitted municipal waste landfill or processed at a permitted resource recovery facility or incinerator.

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(a) Medical marijuana waste generated by a grower/processor or an approved laboratory shall be stored, collected and transported in accordance with 25 Pa. Code Chapter 285 (relating to storage, collection and transportation of municipal waste), provided the medical marijuana waste is not hazardous.

(b) The following types of medical marijuana waste shall be rendered unusable and unrecognizable prior to being transported from a grower/processor or an approved laboratory:

Unused, surplus, returned, recalled, contaminated or expired medical marijuana.

Any medical marijuana plant material that is not used in the growing, harvesting or processing of medical marijuana, including flowers, stems, trim, leaves, seeds, dead medical marijuana plants, dead immature medical marijuana plants, unused medical marijuana plant parts, unused immature medical marijuana plant parts or roots.

(c) Medical marijuana waste is unusable and unrecognizable if all components of the waste are indistinguishable and incapable of being ingested, inhaled, injected, swallowed or otherwise used for certified medical use. Acceptable methods of rendering the waste unusable and unrecognizable include thermal treatment or melting; shredding, grinding or tearing; and incorporating the medical marijuana waste with other municipal waste.

(d) Unusable and unrecognizable medical marijuana waste identified in subsection (b) and other solid or semi-solid medical marijuana waste that is not hazardous shall be disposed of at a permitted municipal waste landfill or processed at a permitted resource recovery facility or incinerator.

Rhode Island

Source: Section 216-RICR-60-05-6.16 - Waste Disposal

A. Marijuana Waste and Destruction of Usable Medical Marijuana

- 3) Cannabis waste generated from the cannabis plant, trim, and leaves are not considered hazardous waste unless it has been treated or contaminated with a solvent, or pesticide.
- 4) All cannabis waste shall be rendered unusable prior to leaving the cannabis cultivation facility.
- 5) Cannabis waste, which is not designated as hazardous, shall be rendered unusable by grinding and incorporating the cannabis plant waste with other ground materials so the resulting mixture is at least fifty percent non-cannabis waste by volume or other methods approved by the department before implementation.

South Dakota

Source: South Dakota Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources Medical Cannabis Wastewater and Solid Waste Disposal

Solid Waste Disposal

How do I legally dispose of cannabis waste?

The best disposal option is to use one of South Dakota's 15 regional municipal solid waste landfills. Landfill operators are already knowledgeable on how to render similar wastes unrecognizable and unfit for use prior to disposal.

Texas

Source: Compassionate Use / Low-THC Cannabis Program Administrative Rules Effective March 15, 2017

37 Tex. Admin. Code 1, Chap.12

(b) Destruction and disposal of waste materials resulting from the cultivation or processing of low-THC cannabis must be conducted in compliance with applicable state and local laws and regulations, and Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Part 1317, Subpart C. Any waste materials containing low-THC cannabis or raw materials used in or by-products created by the production or cultivation of low-THC cannabis must be rendered irretrievable, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Part 1300. Waste water generated during production and processing must be disposed of in compliance with applicable state and local laws.

Utah

Source: Effective 12/3/2018

4-41a-405. Excess and disposal.

As used in this section, "medical cannabis waste" means waste and unused material from the cultivation and production of medical cannabis. A cannabis production establishment shall: render medical cannabis waste unusable and unrecognizable before transporting the medical cannabis waste from the cannabis production establishment;

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Vermont

Source: Vermont Cannabis Control Board Guidance on Waste Disposal

Cannabis or Cannabis Products must be rendered unusable and unrecognizable before disposal. However, the following materials (non-hazardous ONLY) shall not be considered cannabis waste requiring treatment to be rendered unusable and may be disposed of in accordance with standard waste disposal regulations:

Root balls, soil, or growing media;

B. Stalks of cannabis plants; and

C. Leaves and branches removed from cannabis clones, seedlings, and cannabis plants.

PLEASE NOTE: The above materials must be completely free of all cannabis flowers and leaves with any visible trichomes. Organic material that has either no tetrahydrocannabinol content, or a tetrahydrocannabinol content under 0.3%, doesn't need to be rendered unusable or unrecognizable. It can be composted onsite or disposed of in a manner otherwise consistent with applicable law and regulation.

Virginia

Source: 18VAC110-60-330. Disposal of cannabis products.

Green waste includes Cannabis plants seeds and parts of plants. Green waste shall be weighed, ground, and combined with a minimum of 51% non-cannabis waste to render the mixture inactive and unrecognizable. Once rendered unrecognizable, green waste shall be considered agricultural waste and may be disposed of accordingly.

Washington

WAC 314-55-097

(4) Marijuana waste that does not designate as dangerous waste (per subsection (3) of this section) must be rendered unuseable following the methods in subsection (5) of this section prior to leaving a licensed producer, processor, or laboratory. Disposal of the marijuana waste rendered unuseable must follow the methods under subsection (6) of this section.

Wastes that must be rendered unuseable prior to disposal include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) Waste evaluated per subsection (3) of this section and determined to not designate as "Dangerous Waste."
- (b) Marijuana plant waste, including roots, stalks, leaves, and stems that have not been processed with solvent.
- (c) Solid marijuana sample plant waste possessed by third-party laboratories accredited by the WSLCB to test for quality assurance that must be disposed of.
- (d) Other wastes as determined by the WSLCB.

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West Virginia

64CSR110

TITLE 64 LEGISLATIVE RULE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN RESOURCES BUREAU OF PUBLIC HEALTH SERIES 110

MEDICAL CANNABIS PROGRAM - GROWER/PROCESSORS

64-110-22. Management and disposal of medical cannabis waste.

22.2. The following types of medical cannabis waste must be rendered unusable and unrecognizable prior to being transported from a grower/processor or an approved laboratory:

22.2.a. Unused, surplus, returned, recalled contaminated, or expired medical cannabis; and

22.2.b. Any medical cannabis plant material that is not used in the growing, harvesting, or processing of medical cannabis, including flowers, stems, trim, leaves, seeds, dead medical cannabis plants, dead immature, medical cannabis plants, unused medical cannabis plant parts, and unused immature medical cannabis plant parts or roots.

22.3. Medical cannabis waste is unusable and unrecognizable if all components of the waste are indistinguishable and incapable of being ingested, inhaled, injected, swallowed, or otherwise used for certified medical use. Acceptable methods of rendering the waste unusable and unrecognizable include thermal treatment or melting; shredding, grinding, or tearing; and incorporating the medical cannabis waste with other municipal waste.

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